
1067.51010**Tyszka, A.****The Beckman-Quarles theorem for mappings from \mathbb{R}^2 of \mathbb{F}^2 , where \mathbb{F} is a subfield of a commutative field extending \mathbb{R} . (English)**

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The classical Beckman-Quarles theorem says that any unit-distance preserving mapping $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ ($n \geq 2$) is an isometry. In the same vein, the author investigates distance-preserving mappings from \mathbb{R}^2 to \mathbb{F}^2 , where \mathbb{F} is a subfield of a commutative field extension of \mathbb{R} . The main result asserts that every unit-distance preserving mapping $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{F}^2$ has the form $I \circ (\rho, \rho)$, with $\rho : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{F}$ a field homomorphism and $I : \mathbb{F}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{F}^2$ an affine mapping with orthogonal linear part.

*Mihai Cipu (București)**Keywords*: Beckman-Quarles theorem; (semi-)affine isometry; distance-preserving mapping; Cayley-Menger determinant; (semi-)affine mapping with orthogonal linear part*Classification* :

*51M05 Euclidean geometries (general) and generalizations

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